

Manufacturer and designer of architectural emergency lighting

Date: March 2017

Subject: Waste Electrical and Electronic Equipment (WEEE)

After two years of work, the transposition decree of August 19, 2014, relating to Waste Electrical and Electronic Equipment (WEEE) and Electrical and Electronic Equipment (EEE), has been in force since August 23, 2014. It transposes into French law Directive 2012/19/EU on WEEE, which repeals the original 2002 directive. This regulatory framework has been supplemented by five decrees. Some of the changes introduced by the WEEE II Directive include more stringent practical requirements.

Provisions applicable to the sale of Electrical and Electronic Equipment (EEE) between professionals:

• EEE outside the scope of Decree No. 2014-928 of August 19, 2014 (EEE without the crossed-out wheeled bin symbol): The EEE covered by the sale is not subject to Decree No. 2014-928 concerning waste electrical and electronic equipment and used electrical and electronic equipment.

In accordance with Article L 541-2 of the Environmental Code, it is the responsibility of the holder of the waste to ensure, or have ensured, the treatment of the equipment at the end of its life.

- EEE within the scope of Decree No. 2014-928 of August 19, bearing the crossed-out wheeled bin symbol:
 - EEE considered household WEEE at end of life: Schneider Electric informs the buyer of their obligation to pass on the
 environmental contribution to the final user. Successive professional sellers must pass this information on to successive
 buyers.
 - **EEE considered professional WEEE at end of life:** BEHAR Sécurité informs the buyer/user of the product that it has entrusted the end-of-life management of its EEE to the eco-organization Recylum. Therefore, the buyer may drop off their WEEE free of charge at collection points (see the list of collection points at: http://www.recylum.com/geolocalisation). They may also benefit from free collection of WEEE starting from a threshold of 500 kg, after making a request via the site: http://www.recylum.com/nous-contacter/service-point-de-collecte/.

If the buyer does not wish to use the solution offered above by BEHAR Sécurité for end-of-life management of its EEE, they will still be required to process or have the WEEE processed at their own expense and to forward to the seller and ADEME the relevant information on the treatment of the WEEE concerned by this sale. In the case of indirect sales, successive professional sellers must pass on this information to successive buyers.

Provisions applicable to batteries and accumulators:

Decree No. 2009-1139 of September 22, 2009 (codified in Articles R543-124 to R543-134 of the Environmental Code), and Decree No. 2011-828 of July 11, 2011, transpose Directive 2006/66/EC and its implementing and amending texts relating to batteries and accumulators and their waste.

BEHAR Sécurité informs the buyer/user that the batteries and accumulators sold within its products or separately fall within the scope of the WEEE directive and comply with the above-mentioned texts.

For portable batteries and accumulators:

BEHAR Sécurité informs the buyer/user of the product that it has entrusted the end-of-life management of its portable batteries and accumulators to the eco-organization SCRELEC. Collection points are available via the following link: http://www.screlec.fr/pointsdecollecte/index.php?departement=38

For industrial batteries and accumulators:

BEHAR Sécurité informs the buyer/user of the product that waste from its batteries and accumulators will be processed in accordance with a specific agreement to be defined on a case-by-case basis.

